

**新北市立永和國民中學 109 學年度第一學期第一次段考九年級英語科試題卷**  
**範圍【Unit 1~ Review 1，閱測 14-20】**

**注意: 1 ~ 58 題請在電腦卡上作答，59 ~ 64 題請將答案直接寫在答案卷上**

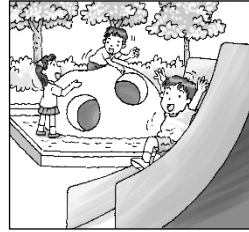
**第一部分：聽力測驗 (25%)**

**一、辨識句意：根據聽到的內容，選出符合描述的圖片：(6%，1~6每題1分)**

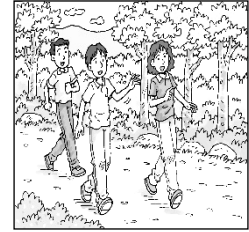
1. (A)



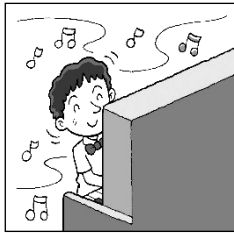
(B)



(C)



2. (A)



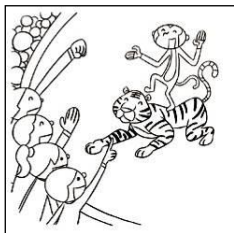
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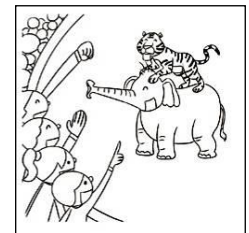
(C)



3. (A)



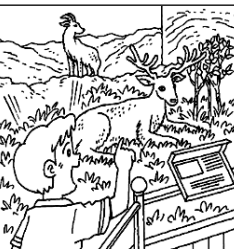
(B)



(C)



4. (A)



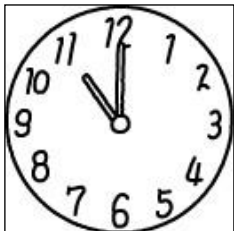
(B)



(C)



5. (A)



(B)



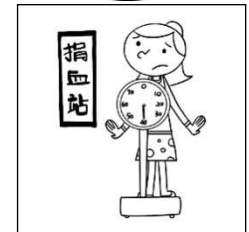
(C)



6. (A)



(B)



(C)



**二、基本問答：請根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適當的回應：(5%，7~11每題1分)**

7. (A) Sure. Help yourself to all the snacks on the table. (B) Sure. I have eaten them up already.

(C) Sure. Please shape them into round.

8. (A) I used it to bake cake for my son.

(B) Heating the fish is not easy.

(C) It can cook two dishes at the same time.

9. (A) I haven't had enough sleep for two days.

(B) I can give you my glasses.

(C) I am not blind yet.

10. (A) I'll pick it up from the fruit garden.

(B) I'll peel it with this machine and bake it.

(C) I am surprised at the food show.

11. (A) No. He even hasn't finished it.

(B) No. He could not become lazy.

(C) No. He did not check out the time.

三、言談理解：根據聽到的內容，選出最適合的答案。(14%，12-18每題2分)

12. (A) She quite enjoyed the shark tricks. (B) She felt sorry that she couldn't have a chance to see it again.  
(C) She may think it isn't right to make these animals do those tricks.
13. (A) It's a country with beautiful beaches. (B) It's closer to Taiwan than America.  
(C) It's a vacation spot. The man often visits it.
14. (A) He uses the less fatty part of the chicken. (B) He is cooking it without oil.  
(C) He forgot to put it into the oven.
15. (A) On a hill. (B) In a cave. (C) At a pool.
16. (A) She cries every time when she sees and touches dolphins.  
(B) She was once scared of dolphins, but a book changed her.  
(C) She bought a book for her father to let him know how friendly dolphins are.

17-18 為題組 請根據所聽到的短文及問題，選出最適當的答案。

17. (A) He wants everyone to understand how much he loves the whales.  
(B) He grew up with dolphins and they are going to die soon.  
(C) He wants everyone to protect the oceans with some small actions.
18. (A) Doing a garbage cleanup is helpful to the oceans.  
(B) Our oceans become worse because our kids are too lazy.  
(C) If you want to protect the ocean, you need to do it alone.

第二部份：讀寫測驗 (75 %)

四、請根據題意選出最適當的答案：(共 28 分；19-30 每題 1 分；31-38 每題 2 分)

19. Jeff's parents taught him to be \_\_\_\_\_ with others. He never tells lies, and you can always trust him.  
(A) stupid (B) lazy (C) helpful (D) honest
20. Her last show in Taipei was not a(n)\_\_\_\_\_ performance. It was very special and different from the others. Everyone enjoyed themselves there.  
(A) interested (B) ordinary (C) surprising (D) lazy
21. I'll cut the egg in half with the \_\_\_\_\_ knife and show you that the inside is black.  
(A) shall (B) shape (C) sharp (D) shell
22. Jane usually puts a piece of \_\_\_\_\_ in her tea. People say the sour taste is good for her health.  
(A) lemon (B) pear (C) planet (D) glue
23. Anna's worked on the report for five straight hours, and it's almost done. She wants to \_\_\_\_\_ a perfect report to her classmates.  
(A) dig (B) cover (C) present (D) collect
24. Mr. Li shared this video with us because it made the important \_\_\_\_\_ loud and clear. I'm sure I can be better after putting them into practice.  
(A) points (B) saying (C) stamps (D) fortune
25. Each team plays 120 games a year, so keeping \_\_\_\_\_ of all the wins, ties, and losses can be tough. (寂天)  
(A) trade (B) tackle (C) trick (D) track
26. Send your entry by post to the Newtown Public Library or come by and hand it in \_\_\_\_\_. (寂天)  
(A) looking forward to (B) in person (C) soul mate (D) by chance
27. Ian seldom hurt himself when he helped his mom on the farm, \_\_\_\_\_?  
(A) doesn't he (B) does he (C) didn't he (D) did he
28. Alice's mom told her that her cousin \_\_\_\_\_ help her fix her bike the next day.  
(A) X (B) will (C) would (D) has
29. Jason: Has John ever \_\_\_\_\_ Green Island? Matt: Yes, he's \_\_\_\_\_ there several times. In fact, he's there with his family now.  
(A) been; gone (B) gone to; gone (C) been to; been (D) gone; been
30. I learned from that book \_\_\_\_\_ a roomful of air weighs 45 kilograms. Air is much heavier than I think.  
(A) this (B) that (C) it (D) which
31. \_\_\_\_\_, people help the club make new machines to collect garbage in the oceans.  
(A) By donating money (B) To donate money (C) Donate money (D) Without donating money

32. \_\_\_\_\_ the ways to protect Mother Earth, we can bring our own shopping bags and water bottles, join beach cleanup activities, plant more trees, and so on.  
 (A) Not only (B) Because of (C) After all (D) As for
33. Tim likes magic tricks a lot. He's practiced them for years and \_\_\_\_\_ a master.  
 (A) becoming (B) to become (C) became (D) become
34. The police will give you a ticket if you run through a red light, \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
 (A) won't they (B) won't he/ she (C) do you (D) don't you
35. Terry: Finally, you're home. \_\_\_\_\_ you had dinner yet? Mike: Yes. I \_\_\_\_\_ some spaghetti, but I'm still hungry now.  
 (A) Have; eaten (B) Have; ate (C) Do; eat (D) Did; eaten
36. Sam: Ken should follow traffic rules, shouldn't he? Dave: \_\_\_\_\_ For everybody's safety, it's a must.  
 (A) No, he should. (B) No, he shouldn't. (C) Yes, he shouldn't. (D) Yes, he should.
37. Pam: \_\_\_\_\_ has Irene taken piano lessons?  
 Cindy: Since January 1<sup>st</sup>. She finds it interesting and spends an hour practicing it every day.  
 (A) How many times (B) How often (C) How long (D) When
38. Blue cheese's strong taste \_\_\_\_\_ people first in 835 A.D. After tasting it, people were \_\_\_\_\_ and loved it.  
 (A) surprising; surprising (B) surprised; surprised  
 (C) surprised; surprising (D) surprising; surprised

**五、克漏字測驗：(8%，39-46 每題 1 分)**

**【A】**

Jacob and Andy have been good friends 39. They went to the same elementary school then, but they study in different junior high schools now. They often 40 out together for hours before, but they don't now because they have to go to after-school classes. Jacob likes learning everything about computers and goes to cram school to study computer programming three times a week. Art 41 Andy. He wants to study art in France in the future, so he learns French every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. Jacob and Andy are both very busy and don't have much time to catch up with each other. They planned to go mountain climbing tomorrow. They are looking forward to it and preparing for it. Jacob 42 some snacks, and Andy is making sandwiches now. They hope that the weather 43 fine tomorrow.

39. (A) since they were ten (B) when they went to elementary school  
 (C) for ten years ago (D) several times
40. (A) hung (B) have hung (C) hang (D) hanged
41. (A) interest (B) interested (C) is interested in (D) is interesting to
42. (A) buys (B) is buying (C) bought (D) has bought
43. (A) has been (B) is (C) was (D) will be

**【B】**

On the streets or at home, many Americans are crazy about drinking a cup of coffee and having a delicious doughnut for breakfast. 44. for a long time. These pieces of sweet fried dough is a popular treat not only because of their low price but also because of their good taste. Perhaps, you have questioned yourself about their interesting shape. Why do they look like rings and not triangles or squares? 45., who first put holes in them?

In 1847, Hanson Gregory was working on a ship when he invented the first ring-shaped doughnut at the age of 16. Every time young Gregory went sailing, his mother would prepare a box of round dough balls with nuts for him. However, it was hard to cook all the way through, so the middle parts often came out raw. One time, Gregory 46., so he cut it out with the top of a can. There are many stories behind doughnuts, but this one is the most popular.

44. (A) People have eaten breakfast (B) Coffee has been famous  
 (C) Doughnuts have been around (D) Americans love cooking doughnuts
45. (A) However (B) This way (C) For example (D) Also
46. (A) was tired of eating that part (B) was worried about sailing every day  
 (C) was surprised at the flavor of the doughnuts (D) was bored with cooking doughnuts by himself

## 六、閱讀測驗：(24% , 47~58 每題 2 分)

### 【A】 A Writer's Best Friend

Writing is a wonderful thing, but it doesn't come easy. Mastering it takes time, hard work, and a bit of outside help. This is the interesting thing about writing. You can read hundreds of books on how to be a good writer.

However, they won't necessarily help you. A better way to improve your skills is to read any book that you can get your hands on. That way you absorb different styles of writing and telling a story. And then there's the most important advice of all: sit down and get to work. The more you write, the easier it gets.

Canada's Gabrielle Roy once asked, "How could we know each other in the slightest if not for art?" She makes a good point. So pick up that pen and show the world what you're made of.

47. What is this reading trying to say?

- (A) Writing is more important than reading.  
(C) Reading helps us absorb different types of writing.

### Writer's Manual

#### Table of Contents

Chapter 1	The Power of Good Writing
Chapter 2	The Right Workspace
Chapter 3	Tools of the Trade
Chapter 4	Grammar and Syntax
Chapter 5	The Importance of the Sentence
Chapter 6	What Famous People Have to Say on Writing
Chapter 7	Writing Poetry
Chapter 8	Writing the Perfect Paper
Chapter 9	Writing a Good Story
Chapter 10	Business Writing

- (B) Being a good writer takes a lot of hard work.  
(D) Gabrielle Roy is a famous writer.

48. What does it mean that Gabrielle Roy makes a "good point"?

- (A) She is a very good writer.  
(C) She is curious about something.  
(B) She is a good person.  
(D) She said something that's true.

49. If someone wants to build the perfect office to write in, which chapter should he or she look at?

- (A) Chapter9. (B) Chapter10. (C) Chapter2. (D) Chapter5.

50. Which of the following is **NOT** true about the Writer's Manual?

- (A) There's a chapter on business writing.  
(B) There are 10 chapters in all.  
(C) It does not discuss how to sell your book.  
(D) It does not discuss grammar.

### 【B】

People have been catching and presenting different animals for thousands of years. The animals in the zoo, however, have presented some problems since then. So, more and more people are talking about how animals live in zoos and whether we should catch animals and send them into a zoo.



Many zoos do not have the money or space needed to give an animal a good home. Take elephants for example. A study shows elephants grow more successfully when they have others around and can collect their own food. They show some strange actions because they don't have enough space to hunt for food. In 2011, the Association of Zoos and Aquariums (AZA) started asking zoos with elephants to keep at least three of the animals and an elephant scientist on staff. Not every zoo, however, has money to pay for that. What this means is that not all zoos have the space, money or people, to take good care of the animals.

Experts say zoos need to better meet the needs of animals. In Zoo 360, in Pennsylvania, they kept tigers in a long, small area above visitors. This gave the public a bigger shock because Zoo 360 tried to change animals' living space. The space for them was getting smaller for the purpose of watching. We people not only take the animals away from the wild but keep them in poor living environments. They cannot follow their ways of living.

Zoos, of course, have their good part. For example, they give those endangered animals a safer place. Also, seeing an animal by oneself is a much more exciting experience than seeing that animal on a TV show. But, studies also show that many animals are smarter and feel more than we have understood. Animals may feel bad when they are moved to a zoo. Therefore, it's important to help people understand animals if we still want to have zoos.

"Should we have zoos?" Now, we may need to spend more time thinking about their future.

whether 是否 staff 員工 experts 專家 purpose 目的 environment 環境 endangered 瀕臨絕種的


51. What does the word “**their**” refer to in the reading?  refer to 指稱  
(A) elephants’ and tigers’ (B) people in Pennsylvania  
(C) these animals’ staff (D) zoos’
52. Which is the **BEST TITLE** for the reading?  
(A) The number of zoos in the world is getting smaller.  
(B) The future of zoos.  
(C) How elephants live alone .  
(D) The history of zoos.
53. Which is **TRUE** according to the reading?  according to 根據  
(A) Experts say that staff in Zoo 360, in Pennsylvania, met the needs of animals.  
(B) The goal of zoos is to make kids happy.  
(C) Helping people understand more about the animals is the key to solving the problem.  
(D) Taking good care of animals means to give them enough food.

**【C】 SARS vs. COVID-19**

In early 2020, a new virus surprised people around the world because of its fast transmission. The first few cases were from a wet market in Wuhan, China, in December 2019. It spread from them, and now it's all around the world. The Coronavirus Disease 2019, or COVID- 19, is responsible for millions of infections and hundreds of thousands of deaths.

To fight the disease, it is important to understand it. Studies show that, COVID-19 is very similar to SARS. Please read the table below.

Diseases	SARS	COVID-19
Virus	SARS-CoV	SARS.CoV-2
First reported	in southern China in 2002	in Wuhan, China in December 2019
Transmission	close touch between people	close touch between people
Incubation period	2-7 days (up to 10 days)	likely 2- 14 days
<u>Symptoms</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>•fever</li><li>•cough</li><li>•having trouble breathing, such as shortness of breath</li><li>•others<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>-headache</li><li>-body aches</li><li>-fatigue</li><li>-diarrhea</li></ul></li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>•fever</li><li>•cough</li><li>•breathing problems, such as shortness of breath</li><li>• others:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>-headache</li><li>-sore throat</li><li>-body aches</li><li>-fatigue</li></ul></li></ul>
Death rate	9.6%	likely 5.9 % (still changing)

 virus 病毒 transmission 傳播 spread 擴散 disease 疾病 responsible 有責任的 infection 感染  
similar 相似的 incubation period 潛伏期 breathe 呼吸 fatigue 疲倦 diarrhea 腹瀉 death rate 死亡率  
(From- Focus 閱讀素養力 Level 1)

54. What is the table mainly about?  
(A)How similar are the two diseases? (B) How serious are the two diseases?  
(C) How many cases of the two diseases? (D) How can people fight the two diseases?
55. What does the word symptoms mean?  
(A) Things to do when you get sick. (B) Something wrong with your body when you get sick.  
(C) Things to eat when you get sick. (D) Something wrong with your work when you get sick.
56. Which is **NOT** true?  
(A) The incubation period of COVID-19 is about 2-14 days.  
(B) The transmission of SARS is by close touch.  
(C) Both of the diseases have fevers and body aches as symptoms.  
(D) SARS began in Wuhan, and COVID- 19 might start in southern China.

【D】

### The Ocean Cleanup Project

The invention of plastic has made people's lives so easy that they don't understand it's killing the oceans. The following are a few facts that we can know how plastic is dangerous to sea animals:

1. Every year, up to 13 million tons of plastic end up in the ocean, which is about one garbage truck every minute.
2. Only 9% of all the plastic have been recycled.
3. By 2050, there will be more plastic than fish in the ocean by weight.
4. The ocean waste is in five big areas. The Great Pacific Garbage Patch between Hawaii and California is the biggest one.

The ocean plastic could last for hundreds to thousands of years. Some break down into small pieces that are many times smaller than our little fingernail, which are called microplastics. Sea animals can't tell them apart from real food and end up eating them. Those pieces fill up their stomachs and stop the animals from eating anything else, even though they are hungry. This kind of pollution is bad not only to sea life but also to people and is growing into a serious problem.

Cleaning up the plastic in the oceans as soon as possible is Boyan Slat's goal. The young Dutch scientist wanted to do something to stop the problem from getting bigger, so he started The Ocean Cleanup at the age of 18 in 2013. Slat and his team designed System 001, a 600-meter-long U-shaped floater with a three-meter-deep skirt below. The floater stops plastic from flowing over it, while the skirt collects garbage below.

After five-year studying and testing the system to make it better, the system is now sent to San Francisco Bay to start the cleanup project. If more groups of systems are sent to other garbage patches, 90% of ocean plastic could be taken away by 2040. Isn't it great?

📖 invention 發明 plastic 塑膠 recycle 回收 patch 區塊 microplastic 微塑膠 design 設計 floater 漂浮物

57. What can we **NOT** learn from the reading?

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| (A) How seriously polluted the oceans are. | (B) How fast the oceans are being polluted.            |
| (C) How plastic can be bad to sea animals. | (D) How much plastic has been taken away from the sea. |

58. Which is **NOT** true about The Ocean Cleanup?

- (A) It sent System 001 into the Pacific Ocean after five years of research.  
(B) It was started by a young Dutch scientist.  
(C) The U-shaped floater is 700 meters long.  
(D) Its system will clear away most of the plastic in the oceans by 2040.

七、翻譯 (59~61 題，每格 1 分，限填一個單字；62~64 每題 3 分，共 15 分) 請於答案卷上作答

59. 世紀蛋(皮蛋)的中心像膠水。  
60. 你聽過這句格言“知識就是力量”嗎？  
61. 他已經決定在這個法定假日去清理他們區域內的海灘。  
62. 問道於盲，後果堪憂。  
63. 那位外國的訪客對學習台灣文化感到興奮。  
64. 海豚屬於大自然，不是嗎？

新北市立永和國民中學 109 學年度第一學期第一次段考九年級英語科答案卷

九年級\_\_\_\_\_班\_\_\_\_\_號 姓名：\_\_\_\_\_

手寫成績	答案卡成績	總分

七、翻 譯 (59~61 題，每格 1 分，限填一個單字；62-64 每題 3 分，共 15 分)

※ 請用深藍色或黑色原子筆在 答 案 卷 上作答

59. 世紀蛋(皮蛋)的中心像膠水。

The \_\_\_\_\_ egg's \_\_\_\_\_ is like glue.

60. 你聽過這句格言“知識就是力量”嗎？

Have you heard of the saying “\_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_ ?”

61. 他已經決定在這個法定假日去清理他們區域內的海灘。

He has \_\_\_\_\_ to clean up the beaches in their areas on this  
(p)\_\_\_\_\_ holiday.

62. 問道於盲，後果堪憂。

\_\_\_\_\_

63. 那位外國的訪客對學習台灣文化感到興奮。

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

64. 海豚屬於大自然，不是嗎？

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

【請將答案卡跟答案卷一起交回】

# 新北市立永和國民中學109學年度第一學期第一次段考九年級英語科答案

一、辨識句意：請依據所聽到的句子，選出符合描述的圖片

1. These people enjoy themselves in the wild.
2. Nick has taken music lessons for years, and he can play the flute quite well.
3. Not only the tiger but also the elephant is doing tricks for the people.
4. The boy wants to send the animal back to nature.
5. Although the meeting is at noon, we have to arrive there an hour earlier.
6. Sally doesn't like the taste of the medicine, but she has to take it because she has been sick for three days.

二、基本問答：請根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適當的回應。

7. Can I have some cookies, please?
8. What's the feature of the new oven?
9. What's wrong with your eyes? They're both red.
10. How are you going to eat the pear?
11. Raymond did not beat the clock to finish the job, did he?

三、言談理解：請依據所聽到的對話與問題，選出最適當的答案。

12. Man: Wow! I really enjoyed watching the lovely shark show. Those sharks did great tricks.

Woman: I felt sorry for them. Why did they have to do those tricks?

**Question: How does the woman feel about the show?**

13. Woman: Have you ever been to Guam before?  
Man: No, never. It belongs to America, but it's near Taiwan, right?  
Woman: Yes, you're right. How about going there together this summer vacation?  
Man: Sounds great. I've always wanted to visit a place with beautiful sea and beaches.

**Question: Which is true about Guam?**

14. Man: I don't get it. Why doesn't the chicken smell as good as yours? It even looks strange.  
Woman: Let me see. Hmm. Do you always fry chicken without oil?  
Man: Does it need oil?  
Woman: Of course. Add a big spoonful now. It's still not too late.

第一部分：聽力測驗 (25%) 1~11每題1分，12~18題2分

1~5 CBCA	6~10 CACAB	11~15 ACBBC	16~18 BCA
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第二部份：讀寫測驗 (60%) 19~30 每題 1 分，31~38 每題 2 分，39~46 每題 1 分，47~58 每題 2 分

19-25 DBCAC AD	26-35 BDCCB ADDAB	36-38 DCB	39-46 AAD(BCD 皆可)D CDA
47-50 BDCD	51-53 DBC	54-56 ABD	57-58 DC

七、填充及翻譯： 15%，59~61 每格 1 分，62~64 每題 3 分 翻譯答案可依老師上課要求，自行斟酌給分

59. The century egg's center is like glue.
60. Have you ever heard of the saying "Knowledge is power?"
61. He has decided to clean up the beaches in their areas on this public holiday.
62. When a blind man / leads another, / both fall down.
63. That foreign visitor / is excited about learning (studying) / Taiwanese culture.
64. Dolphins belong / to nature, / don't they?

Question: What's wrong with the man's chicken?

15. Woman: It's around noon. Shall we leave?  
Man: Come on. I've just started.  
Woman: The sun gets too bright. It hurts my eyes. Besides, I'm hungry.  
Man: All right. You go to change your clothes first, and let me swim for ten more minutes. I'll meet you at the gate at twelve. Is that Okay?

**Question: Where are the man and the woman?**

16. Man: It looks like the dolphins like you very much. Aren't you afraid of them?  
Woman: I was when I was little. I cried out loud when my father held my hand to touch a dolphin.  
Man: What changed you?  
Woman: My father bought me a book. I've not only learned a lot about dolphins from the book but also fallen in love with them.

**Question: What is true about the woman?**

17-18: 為題組，請根據所聽到的短文及問題，選出適當的答案。

Hello, I am Steven. Today is World Oceans Day and I am going to talk about our oceans. I remembered the first time I saw a blue whale. I have followed them since I was little. Growing up, my world was the ocean. But, now, I see plastics everywhere. I start to wonder what is happening in oceans on our planet. We have to make the oceans better for our children. So, stop using plastics or throwing garbage into the oceans. Then, talk to your friends and family about why the ocean is important. Or you may just plan a beach garbage cleanup. When you start to do something, you are helping the oceans. We need a change. Change is possible. Start to change with us.

17. What is Steven trying to say?

18. Which is TRUE?